Threat Matrix

South-east Asia has been a hot spot for extremists since the Sept 11, 2001 attacks in the United States and remains vulnerable to terror strikes today. The Sunday Times fleshes out the numbers behind terrorism and counter-terrorism activities in the region and beyond.



OBAI

Documented fatalities from

13,370 terrorist attacks last year, up from 18,111 deaths in 2013 – one of the largest increases ever recorded in recent history

Foreigners estimated by the United Nations to have joined ISIS in Syria

Fatalities attributed to ISIS

Monthly growth rate in ISIS ranks

Number of foreign nationalities in ISIS

Estimated number of foreign fighters from 50 countries identified by Interpol



FRANCE

French citizens believed to have joined ISIS in Syria



SOUTH-EAST ASIA

Estimated number of militant groups from Indonesia, Malaysia and the Philippines believed to have pledged allegiance to Islamic State in Iraq and Syria (ISIS) in the past year



INDONESIA

Indonesians suspected to have joined ISIS in Syria

Deported from Turkey after joining or trying to join ISIS in Syria

Deportees under surveillance after being released

Identified by Indonesian

authorities as citizens

Believed to have been killed while fighting for ISIS overseas



MALAYSIA

Malaysians believed to have joined

ISIS in Syria

Terror suspects

arrested since ISIS came to prominence in 2013

Believed to have been

killed while

fighting for ISIS

in Iraq or Syria

Singaporeans



SINGAPORE

Singaporeans known to have been influenced by ISIS

Placed on Detention Order under the Internal Security Act

believed to be still in ISIS territory

Placed on Restriction Order



PHILIPPINES

Suspected number of Filipinos who have left the Philippines to join ISIS in Syria

Number of Abu Sayyaf militants on the country's most wanted list killed so far

Abu Sayyaf leaders in the high priority wanted list still at large: Isnilon Hapilon and Radullan Sahilon

Abu Sayyaf leader in detention: Khair Mundos